

# The Hidden Cost Curve

Why kiosk service costs quietly exceed hardware costs (and how to prevent it).

Vendor-neutral executive brief | CFO-friendly | Total cost of ownership and operational volatility

## Key takeaways

- Over 5-7 years, service and support often dominate total spend.
- Truck rolls are the cost multiplier; remote recovery is the cost reducer.
- Standardization reduces variance, which reduces cost and downtime.
- The goal is fewer incidents, not faster incidents.

Kiosk programs are often budgeted like capital purchases. In reality, they behave like distributed operations. When a fleet reaches scale, the economics are driven by incident volume, response time, and the cost of dispatch. This brief shows how to shift cost from reactive field service to predictable operations.

“You do not manage kiosk costs by buying cheaper kiosks. You manage costs by preventing incidents.”

## **Where the cost shows up**

- Truck rolls and dispatch coordination (labor + travel + downtime).
- Peripheral failures and consumables (printers, scanners, paper, keypads).
- Operational overhead: triage, escalations, and exception handling.
- Software drift: inconsistent versions, unpatched devices, manual fixes.
- Supply-chain volatility: substitutions, requalification, and reimaging.

## **The cost reducer playbook**

- Remote diagnostics first: require evidence before dispatch.
- Remote recovery: reboot, rollback, reimage, peripheral reset.
- Standard spare kits and documented swap procedures.
- Predictive alerts for consumables and failing peripherals.
- Clear ownership: who is responsible for uptime and reporting.

## CFO view: cost drivers vs controls

| Primary driver     | Typical symptom  | Control to require              |
|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|
| High incident rate | Frequent outages | Standardization + better QA     |
| Slow resolution    | Long downtime    | Remote recovery + tooling       |
| Expensive dispatch | Many truck rolls | Remote-first policy             |
| Unknown ownership  | Finger-pointing  | Single accountable owner + SLAs |

A simple governance metric: percent of issues resolved remotely. Improve it quarterly.

## Executive sign-off questions

- What is our expected incident rate per kiosk per month at scale?
- What percent of issues must be resolved remotely before dispatch is allowed?
- Do we have one accountable owner for uptime reporting and escalation?
- What is the true cost of a truck roll (including downtime impact)?
- How do we prevent software drift across locations over time?

Service is not a line item. It is the operating system of the deployment.